GROWING [PHYSICIAN] LEADERS...

AN UPDATE

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AGENDA

REVIEW THE BACKGROUND WHAT SOME HOSPITALS DO OUR COURSE OBJECTIVES& EXECUTION RECENT RESEARCH & RELATED METRICS



Where It All

Started

The CEO/CMO to ME (2014):

WE WANT OUR DOCTORS TO **BE INCLUDED IN DECISION-**MAKING...AND WE WANT THEM TO LEAD MULTI-DISCIPLINARY TEAMS!

MY EARLY BFO: PHYSICIANS ARE LIKE SOLDIERS

Both Have

Professional Requirements

- Code of **ethics** and prescribed set of **values**
- Unmatched knowledge, skills, attributes and competence
- Prescribed standards, with a requirement to discipline and dismiss those who do not adhere to the professions standard's and behaviors
- Constant training and education in prescribed skills, values, knowledge and attributes (SVKA's)
- A prescribed function within a society which cannot be performed by others because it requires unique leadership

But there are Challenges...

- Doctors live by a CODE OF ETHICS, but no prescribed VALUES.
- Doctors are required to have unmatched COMPETENCE in a BODY OF SKILLS, KNOWLEDGE, VALUES & ATTRIBUTES, but there is desire for increasingly lower associated costs of medicine, with more served, in an era of increased technological advancement.
- The Healthcare Profession has **STANDARDS** that must be reinforced, but they vary and there are different approaches on how to discipline (and dismiss) professionals who do not adhere to prescribed procedures, norms and behaviors.
- There is a requirement for **CONSTANT TRAINING AND EDUCATION** in SKA's (but currently more emphasis is on the science than the art in healthcare)
- Doctors have a UNIQUE RESPONSIBILITY which cannot be performed by others in society, yet they are 1/3 of the healthcare INTER PROFESSIONAL BODY...AND OTHERS ARE INTERFERING IN WHILE DRIVING HEALTHCARE IN COMPETING DIRECTIONS.

"COULD YOU DESIGN AND EXECUTE A COURSE PART-TIME?"

"TRUST ME, THIS WILL BECOME THE MOST IMPORTANT THING YOU DO HERE!"



CLASS OF 2019

How Is Healthcare Tackling Physician Leader Development?



WHAT SOME HOSPITALS DO...

TOP 50 NON-PROFIT HOSPITALS IN U.S.

("Top" Defined by "Number of Beds," Range: 2478-830)

Letter to CEO asking for Survey Participation, with request for Leader Development Point of Contact

Participation:

16 (32%) committed to sharing information
 11 (22%) admitted to not having any leadership program
 1 (2%) unwilling to share information about their program
 22 (44%) did not respond to query

Hertling, Dennis, Bartlett (2018). Approaches to Physician Leadership Training at Top NonProfit Hospitals. Physician Leader Journal, November <u>2018</u>

KEY SURVEY QUESSIONS

- □ Number of hospital employees/number of privileged physician?
- Does your hospital have a formal leadership development program?
- Does your hospital have objectives for leadership development program?
- □ Is there a formal program for physicians/are they incorporated into other programs?
- □ How is the physician leadership development conducted?
- □ What are the objectives for the physician leadership program?
- □ How long has your hospital conducted a program for physicians?
 - How many physicians have matriculated from your program?
 - How many hours of instruction make up the physician program?
 - What is the length of the physician program?
 - What is the approximate/estimated cost of the physician program?
 - How are physicians selected to attend the program?
- □ What methods does your hospital use in measuring the effectiveness of your program?
- □ Is attendance at courses required before physicians assume a leadership role?

KEY CEO INTERVIEW QUESTIONS

Objective information

- Time in position and personal familiarity with Organization's Leadership Development Program?
- Objectives of your program?
- Are physicians incorporated into interprofessional programs, or conduct their program separately?
 - How are physicians selected to attend?
 - What are specific objectives for physician leadership development?
 - Are there positional requirements for attendance, or post attendance placement, for physicians?
 - What resources (costs) are specifically allocated to the physician program?

Subjective Opinion

- After graduating, how do you see attendees contributing to quality improvement in healthcare?
- How is your leadership program contributing to the culture of the organization?

Sensory (Anecdotal) Experiences

- Anecdotes of physicians who have improved or not improved as a result of program?
- Stories of physicians who have taken on new roles as a result of program?

WHAT SOME HOSPITALS DO...

Various types of people in charge of Healthcare Leader Development:
Within Organizations: HR, COO, Chief of Org Eff/Leadership, CMO

- 2 of 16 use Consultants
- 5 have "fly away" programs, 4 of those for physicians only

Spectrum of "Start of Program" from "just now" to 12 years running. Average was 3.1 years in operation

Length of Leader Development Program Varies:



Medium Course Time: 32 Hrs Course Length: Span of 3-18 Months Range: 1 hr/week-5 hrs/month-1 weekend/qtr Mean: 9.4 months, Medium 9 Months Some Critical Findings Regarding Programs 11 of 16 hospitals reported they had "programs for physicians:"

- Four conducted by external consultants, apart from executive program
- Four send physicians on available "fly-away" programs
- Three hospitals recently designed initiatives specifically for physicians
 - Two of those three were "interprofessional" programs
- Two "supported" physicians pursuing MBA/MHA not part of a program

For physician attendee selection:

- Five programs had attendees personally selected by CEO, COO, CMO
- Two took recommendations from Exec Med Staff
- One selects from recommendations received from Med Group
- One holds formal boards to select from volunteers (an annual program)
- Two...didn't know how physicians were selected

Cost per physician:

- Range from \$1,100 (estimated) to \$20,000 ("fly-away")*
- Cost of MBA/MHA "dependent" on school
- Average estimated cost from programs: \$5,937/physician

Other Critical Findings Regarding Programs "What are your Objectives for the Program?"

- 4 of 16 hospitals could provide stated course objectives
- 2 of those 4 reflected extensive Admin-CMO coordination
- 1 of those 2 had completed path from resident-CMO requirements
- Disconnects between Program Objectives and CEO/CMO desires

"How are you measuring program effectiveness?"

- 7 used post-training surveys (5 were email "thoughts on the course")
- 2 used physician/employee engagement score metrics and comments
- 1 was attempting to use HCAPCS scores
- 1 was continuously using pre-post course survey quantitative growth comparison metrics and qualitative input from physicians/peers

Q the CEOs/CMOs: "Is Your Program Worth It?"



Now... What's Your Assessment of Physician Leader Development?

The Healthcare Leadership Challenge



What kind of leaders do we have...what kind do we want? What are the leadership **attributes and competencies** we desire? What **influence technique will work in healthcare**? How do we better develop diverse Healthcare Teams? Who are on the **teams**? How do we improve **communication and information exchange**? What are the roles of **formal versus informal** leaders in healthcare?

How do these leaders contribute to 'improving the organization'?

TRANSFORMATIONAL

Leadership

Leadership is the art of understanding motivations, influencing people, building teams and communicating purpose in order to accomplish stated goals while improving the organization and contributing to its culture

ALL OF THAT DRIVES

PHYSICIAN LEADER COURSE OBJECTIVES

- Understand leader attributes & competencies & various influence techniques
- Enhance leadership & management skills
- Understand how to build teams, and lead up
- Positively contribute to population health and the desired culture of the organization and the community
- Strengthen the healthcare leadership network

EXECUTION: "A WAY"

ADVENTHEATLH PHYSICIAN LEADER COURSE EXECUTION

- Objective-based course design
- Physician participants are volunteers
- Sessions meet once per month for Six Months
- Five-hour monthly seminars
 - Readings, Exercises, LSAs, Panels
- A 1 ½ day off-site exercise (the "staff ride")
- Chatham House Rules; one excused absence
- Interprofessional mix (35-10-5)

Course Approach



Lesson 1& 2 : Knowing Yourself

The Profession

- ✓ Four Circle Mode
- \checkmark Leadership Attributes and Competencies
- ✓ Self Assessment (MBTI), Physicians as part of the profession
- \checkmark Application of personal and professional values
- ✓ Healthcare Culture

BOOKS

- ✓ 'Leadership Secrets of Attila The Hun'
- ✓ 'From Values to Action' or 'Becoming a Leader of

Character'

LSA: Lesson 1: "Observe & Report on Attributes/Competencies" Lesson 2: "Values"

2 OF 3 KEYS TO LEADING

ATTRIBUTES Who the leader is

COMPETENCIES WHAT THE LEADER **DOES**

ATTRIBUTES

WHAT KIND OF PERSON ARE YOU?

HOW DO OTHERS SEE YOU?

WHAT DO YOU KNOW, AND HOW DO YOU SEE THE WORLD?

COMPETENCIES

HOW DO YOU GENERATE TRUST BETWEEN INDIVIDUALS & WITHIN TEAMS?

HOW DO YOU BUILD YOUR TEAMS?

HOW DO YOU MAKE STUFF HAPPEN!

"Powerful and germane." —CHARLES O. HOLLIDAY, JR., CHAIRMAN AND CEO, DU

LEADING

HOW TO LEAD YOUR BO

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Lesson 3 & 4 Dyadic Leadership--'LEADING OTHERS' (to include 'LEADING UP')

- ✓ The influence Model
- $\checkmark\,$ Influence Techniques and the Art of Influence
- Communication methods
- ✓ Leading your "boss"

BOOKS

- ✓ '21 Irrefutable Laws of Leadership'
- ✓ 'Leading Up: How to Lead Your Boss So You Both Win'

LSA:

Lsn 3: Observing various influence techniques; Coaching, Counseling and Mentoring Techniques

Lsn 4: Observations of your leadership from your team

THE INFLUENCE MODEL (THE 3D KEY)

PURPOSE

The "Task" from the leader or the organization

MOTIVATION INFLUENCE

The individual's reason for doing - or not doing something... and their associated level of enthusiasm to contribute

How the Leader influences others, and how the leader communicates the goal or task

Lesson 5 : Leading Teams

- ✓ Team Formation
- ✓ Team Dynamics
- ✓ "Framing" to Solve Problems
- ✓ Organizational Contributions

BOOK

✓ The Leadership Challenge

LSA: How Teams are Formed in your space Who is needed on teams How can teams address the "Triple Aim" JAMES M. BARRY Z. KOUZES POSNER

International Bestseller

THE LEADERSHIP CHALLENGE

Sixth Edition 🥎

How to Make *Extraordinary* Things Happen in Organizations



Gettysburg Battle Staff Ride

Lesson 6: Leading the Organization & the Profession

✓ Hospital and System Strategic Overview

- ✓ Market Orientation
- ✓ Financial and Budgeting Strategies
- ✓ CEO/C-Suite Panel
- ✓ Graduation



MEASUREMENTS



- Myer-Briggs (MBTI)
- Pre-Post Research Self-Surveys
 - Leadership/Followership
 - Communication Delivery
 - Information Exchange
 - Supportive Behavior
- Maslach Burnout Inventory (1981)
- Pre-Post "mini-360"
 - Physician Colleague
 - Nurse Colleague
 - Spouse

A Mixed-Method Comparative Study of Two Approaches to Physician Leadership Development

Key Questions

- Will participation in an outcomes-based physician leadership development program change the self-reported leadership behaviors of physicians?
- Will participation in an outcomes-based physician leadership development program contribute to behavioral changes that are observed by colleagues on the healthcare team?
- Does participation in a physician leadership development program contribute to changes in behavior observed by the participants' personal relations (spouses/partners)?
- Does the type of program make a difference?

Physician Participants

- Robust Messaging for Volunteers resulted in 122 physician applications for 85 class slots (nurses and administrators assigned)
- Quasi experiment necessitates "counter-balancing" participants

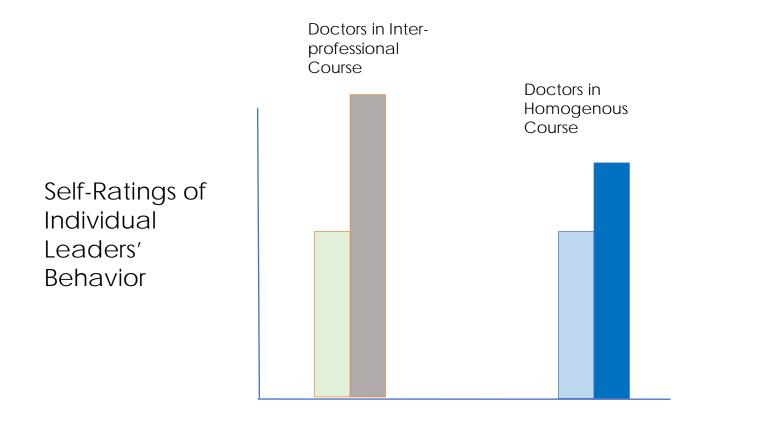
Blue Group (Homogenous, 50 physicians)

- 14 women/36 men (28%/72% ratio)
- 21% Family practice
- 14% Surgeons
- 10% Obstetrics or OB/GYN
- 10% Internists
- 8% ED or Acute Care
- 10% Pediatric
- Radiologist 5%
- Psychiatrist 10%
- pulmonologist, etc)

Green Group (IPE, 35 physicians, 10 nurses, 5 execs)

- 10 women/25 men (29%/71% ratio)
- 21% Family practice
- 17% Surgeons
- Obstetrics or OB/GYN • 8%
- 8% Internists
- 16% ED or Acute Care
- 5% Pediatric
- Radiologist 6% ۲
- 5% Psychiatrist
- 12% "Unique" specialty (neurologist, 12% "Unique" specialty (neurologist, pulmonologist, etc)

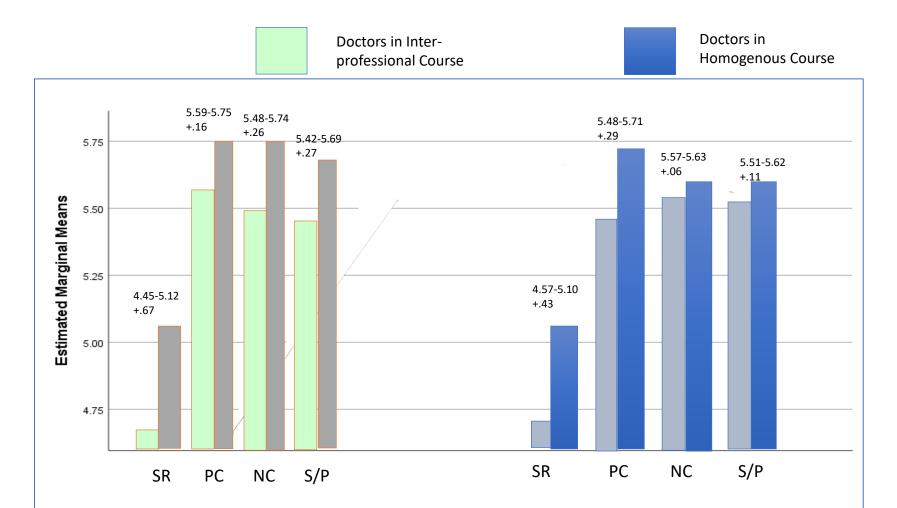
Control Group



Pre-Post Course Pre-Post Course

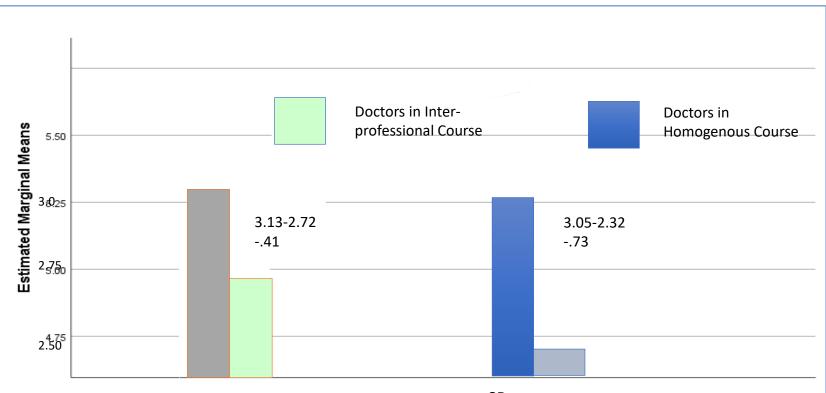
Descriptive Data Comparison

Pre-post surveys, within-subjects ANOVA indicators, participants and observer comparisons



Burnout Data Comparison

Pre-post test within-subjects ANOVA indicator for four burnout questions:



Qualitative Questionnaire Responses

- Participant responses associated with the three leadership themes (leadership, communication and information exchange) and the eight key words were similar and interchangeable in both groups
- Participant responses regarding the theme of "Healthcare Collaboration" and the four key words of team collaboration, trust, mutual respect and organizational commitment showed dissimilarities

Examples of Qualitative Responses

IPE Group (23 of 35 respondents):

- If we're going to build strong healthcare teams, we need to better understand each other. Our connection in this class – to include some of the heated discussion and even one of the fights! – help us to do that.
- I have also really been surprised in meeting and engagement with the nurses and administrators in our class who clearly have a different view than I thought they had about what is important about patients and what we need to do in healthcare.
- I was surprised and humbled when one of our administrators said that he had read up on a medically complex issue, so he could understand what I as a physician, would face in caring for that patient.

Homogenous Group (19 of 50 respondents):

- I certainly hope this course will create a better environment within the organization. I believe physicians have been craving some input, but it's up to the Administration to truly allow a partnership.
- I am currently trying to match the influence technique you provided with the appropriate groups I work with. I find that nurses are pretty responsive to "authoritative requests" and "pressures," but I'm still trying to figure out what technique works best with specialty physicians and administrators.

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